

BOSERA CHINA OPPORTUNITIES BOND FUND

a sub-fund of

BOSERA INVESTMENT FUNDS



ANNUAL REPORT

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ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2023

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

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MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE FUND

Manager

Bosera Asset Management (International) Co., Limited Suite 4109, Jardine House One Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRC Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRC Custodian's Delegate

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited 33/F, HSBC Building Shanghai IFC 8 Century Avenue Pudong, Shanghai 200120 China

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22/F Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

Legal Adviser

Simmons & Simmons 30th Floor One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Hong Kong

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

The fixed income market in 2023 witnessed a rollercoaster ride, marked initially by significant uncertainties due to persistent inflation, labor market imbalances, and geopolitical tensions. However, the landscape shifted remarkably as inflation more than halved across the developed world, with growth remaining strong, contrary to the widespread recession fears. This resilience facilitated a pivotal moment for the Federal Reserve in its final 2023 policy meeting, signaling a potential easing of monetary policy with anticipated rate cuts totaling 75 basis points in 2024. The year concluded on a high note, with the Fed ceasing rate hikes and setting the stage for reductions, underscoring a more optimistic outlook than previously forecasted. This adjustment in policy outlook presents a promising environment for investors, with attractive opportunities emerging in both the bond and stock markets, as historical precedents suggest significant rallies following preemptive rate cuts.

The fund's 2023 performance was largely in-line with market.

Bosera Asset Management (International) Co., Limited 26 April 2024

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of the Fund has, in all material respects, managed the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 5 January 2012, as amended, for the year ended 31 December 2023.

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 26 April 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF BOSERA CHINA OPPORTUNITIES BOND FUND (A SUB-FUND OF BOSERA INVESTMENT FUNDS)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of Bosera China Opportunities Bond Fund (the "Fund") (a sub-fund of Bosera Investment Funds), which are set out on pages 7 to 30, comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2023, and of its financial transactions and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Other Information

The Trustee and the Manager (the "Management") of the Fund are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF BOSERA CHINA OPPORTUNITIES BOND FUND (A SUB-FUND OF BOSERA INVESTMENT FUNDS) (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of the Management for the Financial Statements

The Management of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management of the Fund is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Management of the Fund is required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed dated 5 January 2012, as amended ("Trust Deed") and Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code").

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF BOSERA CHINA OPPORTUNITIES BOND FUND (A SUB-FUND OF BOSERA INVESTMENT FUNDS) (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

We communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Matters under the Relevant Disclosure Provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and Appendix E of the SFC Code.

PricewaterhouseCoopersCertified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 26 April 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 RMB	2022 RMB
Current Assets			
Investments	4(b), 8(c)	=	194,748,363
Bank interest receivable	8(c)	102	18,028
Interest receivable		-	1,793,722
Amounts receivable on subscription of units		71,206	-
Rebates receivable from the Manager	8(e)	43,321	-
Cash and cash equivalents	8(c)	730,336	13,066,630
Total Assets		844,965	209,626,743
Current Liabilities			
Provision for taxation	5,7	314	314
Other payables	8(a), (b), (d)	774,456	232,984
Total Liabilities		774,770	233,298
Equity			
Net assets attributable to unitholders	3	70,195	209,393,445

On behalf of HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited as the Trustee On behalf of Bosera Asset Management (International) Co., Limited as the Manager

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 RMB	2022 RMB
Income			
Interest on bank deposits	8(c)	391,403	20,592
Interest on investments		12,270,068	12,737
Net gains on investments	6	5,911,685	916,175
Net foreign currency gains/(losses)		744,881	(1,239,351)
Other income	8(e)	43,454	566,954
Total investment income		19,361,491	277,107
Expenses			
Management fee	8(a)	1,521,322	124,796
Trustee fee	8(b)	373,357	287,500
Audit and tax fees		245,869	41,521
Safe custody and bank charges		30,944	3,595
Legal and professional fees		90,807	935
Other expenses	8(d)	383,057	123,649
Total operating expenses		2,645,356	581,996
Operating profit/(loss)		16,716,135	(304,889)
Finance cost			
Interest expenses		1,048,483	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		15,667,652	(304,889)

The notes on pages 11 to 30 are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 RMB	2022 RMB
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the year		209,393,445	4,560,819
Issue of units Redemption of units	3 3	71,550 (225,062,452)	210,340,500 (5,202,985)
Net (decrease)/increase from unit transactions		(224,990,902)	205,137,515
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		15,667,652	(304,889)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the year		70,195	209,393,445
Number of units in issue		2023 Units	2022 Units
Class I RMB units			
Units in issue at the beginning of year Redemption of units	3	- -	46,843 (46,843)
Units in issue at the end of year	3	-	-
		2023 Units	2022 Units
Class I USD units			
Units in issue at the beginning of year Issue of units Redemption of units	3	3,000,000 938 (3,000,000)	3,000,000
Units in issue at the end of year	3	938	3,000,000

The notes on pages 11 to 30 are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	2023 RMB	2022 RMB
Cash flows from operating activities		
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	15,667,652	(304,889)
Adjustment for:		
Interest on investments	(12,270,068)	(12,737)
Interest on bank deposits	(391,403)	(20,592)
Interest expenses	1,048,483	
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	4,054,664	(338,218)
Net decrease/(increase) in investments Net (increase)/decrease in rebates receivable from the	194,748,363	(190,977,232)
Manager	(43,321)	331,420
Net increase/(decrease) in other payables	541,472	(106,356)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	199,301,178	(191,090,386)
Interest on investments	14,063,790	(1,748,626)
Interest on bank deposits received	409,329	2,596
Net cash generated/(used in) operating activities	213,774,297	(192,836,416)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of units	344	210,340,500
Payments on redemption of units	(225,062,452)	(5,202,985)
Interest paid	(1,048,483)	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(226,110,591)	205,137,515
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(12,336,294)	12,301,099
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	13,066,630	765,531
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	730,336	13,066,630
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at banks	730,336	13,066,630

The notes on pages 11 to 30 are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. The Fund

Bosera Investment Funds (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its Trust Deed dated 5 January 2012, as amended, (the "Trust Deed") made between Bosera Asset Management (International) Co., Limited as Manager (the "Manager") and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited as Trustee (the "Trustee").

The terms of the Trust Deed are governed by the laws of Hong Kong. The Trustee and the Manager established Bosera China Opportunities Bond Fund (the "Fund") by execution of a supplemental Trust Deed dated 20 May 2014.

With effective from December 2022, the investment objective of the Fund is to achieve income and long-term capital appreciation by investing in Greater China fixed income securities. Prior to December 2022, The investment objective of the Fund is to seek from long-term interest income and capital appreciation through investing all of its assets in RMB-denominated fixed income securities issued within People's Republic of China ("PRC") to achieving income and capital appreciation by investing in fixed income securities globally.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Trust has three other sub-funds, namely Bosera RMB Bond Fund, Bosera-Aberdeen Standard Emerging Opportunities Bond Fund and Bosera Greater China Bond Fund. The Trust and each sub-fund are authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance.

Prior to February 2023, the Manager has obtained Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor ("RQFII") status from the China Securities Regulatory Commission ("CSRC") and has been granted RQFII quota by the State Administration of Foreign Exchange ("SAFE") of the PRC pursuant to the RQFII Regulations. The Fund utilises RQFII quota granted by SAFE to the Manager. With effective from February 2023, the Manager has forfeited the RQFII status from CSRC.

As at 31 December 2023, the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Fund was RMB70,195. Pursuant to the explanatory memorandum of the Fund, the Manager may, in its absolute discretion, by notice in writing to the Trustee, terminate the Fund if after one year from the date of establishment of the Fund, the aggregate net asset value of all the units in the Fund is less than RMB50 million. Even though the net assets attributable to unitholders is below this threshold as at 31 December 2023, the Manager confirms that there is no going concern issue as the Manager will not terminate the Fund in the next 12 months from the date of the auditor's report. The Manager has prepared the financial statements on the basis that the Fund is able to continue as a going concern.

Subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2023, there is net subscription of RMB 941,166,968 up to the approval date of the financial statements.

These financial statements are prepared for the Fund only.

2. Summary of material accounting policies

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Trustee and Manager (collectively the "Management") to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 5.

New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

- Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2
- Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to IAS 8

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2023, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund's policy requires the Management to evaluate the information about these financial assets and liabilities on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the investment. Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on investments in the period in which they arise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

(iii) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, management will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

Debt securities are fair valued based on quoted market prices. The fair value of debt securities not quoted in an active market may be determined by the Fund using reputable pricing sources (such as pricing agencies) or indicative prices from bond/debt market markers. Broker quotes as obtained from the pricing sources may be indicative and not executable or binding. The Fund would exercise judgement and estimates on the quantity and quality of pricing sources used. Where no market data is available, the Fund may value positions using its own models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognized as standard within the industry.

Investments which are traded in the interbank markets (for example, unlisted debt securities) are fair valued by using the valuation provided by China Central Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd., a company jointly established by People's Bank of China and Ministry of Finance to undertake the function of centralised depository and settlement for the interbank bond market.

(iv) Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting year.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method in the statement of comprehensive income for all interest bearing instruments. Other income is accounted for on an accrual basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of an interest bearing asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

(d) Translation of foreign currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currencies

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). The performance of the Fund is measured and reported to unitholders in Chinese Yuan Renminbi "RMB". The Manager considers RMB as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the year end date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash and cash equivalents are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net foreign currency gains/(losses)".

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net gains on investments".

(e) Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

(f) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire/dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include the bid-ask spread, fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of comprehensive income.

(g) Redeemable units

The Fund issues redeemable units which are redeemable at the holder's option.

Redeemable units can be put back to the Fund at any dealing date for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value. Units are redeemable on a daily basis.

The redeemable shares are carried at amortised cost which corresponds to the redemption amount that is payable at the statement of financial position date if the holder exercises the right to put the share back to the Fund.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the redeemable units were classified as equity as only Class I USD units were in issue.

Units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Summary of material accounting policies (Continued)

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash at banks and deposits held with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

(i) Taxation

The Fund incurs withholding taxes and value added tax imposed by the PRC on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Taxes are recorded separately and included as taxation in the statement of comprehensive income.

(j) Repurchase agreements

Debt securities sold subject to repurchase agreements are reclassified in the financial statements as pledged assets when the transferee has the right by contract or custom to sell or re-pledge the collateral. The counterparty liability is included under 'due under repurchase agreements'. The difference between the sale and the repurchase price is treated as interest and accrued over the life of the agreement using the effective interest method.

3. Number of units in issue and net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

The Fund's capital is represented by "net assets attributable to unitholders" and is classified as equity as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 in the statement of financial position. Subscriptions and redemptions of units during the year are shown in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders. In order to achieve the investment objectives, the Fund endeavors to invest its capital in accordance with the investment policies and risk management policies as outlined in note 4, whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests. Such liquidity is augmented by the holding of liquid investments. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund has one class of units in issue: Class I USD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. Number of units in issue and net assets attributable to unitholders per unit (Continued)

	202	23	2	022
	Class I USD ¹ Units	Class I RMB ² Units	Class I USD ¹ Units	Class I RMB ² Units
Units in issue at the end of year	938		3,000,000	
			31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Net asset value			RMB	RMB
- Class I USD		=	70,195	209,393,445
Net asset value per unit				
- Class I USD		_	74.83	69.80

¹ The Fund re-issued Class I USD on 23 December 2022.

4. Financial risk management

(a) Financial risk factors

The Fund aims to achieve income and capital appreciation by investing in fixed income securities globally.

The Fund is exposed to market price risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, credit and custody risk, liquidity risk and currency risk.

The risks and the respective risk management policies employed by the Fund to manage these risks are discussed below.

(b) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Fund's market price risk is managed through deliberate securities selection and diversification of the investment portfolio.

² The Fund fully redeemed Class I RMB on 7 December 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(b) Market price risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the Fund did not hold any investment.

As at 31 December 2022, the overall market exposures were as follows:

	2022	
	Fair value	Cost
	RMB	RMB
Bonds	194,748,363	194,361,797

As the Fund mainly invests in debt securities, the sensitivity analysis of market price risk is disclosed in the interest rate sensitivity analysis in note 4(c) below.

Net market exposures

The following table shows the net market exposure the Fund has to the market, incorporating the underlying market risk through all financial assets and liabilities held by the Fund. Market below represents where the holding company/head office of the issuer predominately domiciles/operates.

Markets exposed to	2022 RMB equivalent
China	194,748,363
	194,748,363

The following table shows the net exposures to sectors as at 31 December 2022:

	2022 % of net asset value
Sectors exposed to	
Diversified Financial Services	19
Engineering & Construction	47
Internet	9
Insurance	9
Retail	9
	93

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(b) Market price risk (Continued)

Net market exposures (Continued)

There were no investments of the same issuer with aggregated market value exceeding 10% of the Fund's net asset value at 31 December 2022.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of markets interest rates on the fair value of interest-bearing assets and liabilities and future cash flow. The Fund holds bonds that expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. The Fund also holds cash and cash equivalents that expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

At 31 December 2023

	Up to 1 year RMB	1-5 years RMB	Over 5 years RMB	Non- interest bearing RMB	Total RMB
Assets Amounts receivable on subscription of					
units Other assets	- -	-	-	71,206 43,423	71,206 43,423
Cash and cash equivalents	730,336	-		-	730,336
	730,336	-		114,629	844,965
Liabilities Other liabilities	_	_	-	774,456	774,456
				774,456	774,456
Total interest	<u></u>				
sensitivity gap	730,336	- 			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2022

	Up to 1 year RMB	1-5 years RMB	Over 5 years RMB	Non- interest bearing RMB	Total RMB
Assets					–
Investments	40,833,449	134,616,454	19,298,460	- 1 011 770	194,748,363
Other assets Cash and cash	-	-	-	1,811,750	1,811,750
equivalents	13,066,630				13,066,630
	53,900,079	134,616,454	19,298,460	1,811,750	209,626,743
Liabilities					
Other liabilities	-	-	-	232,984	232,984
	-	-	-	232,984	232,984
Total interest sensitivity gap	53,900,079	134,616,454	19,298,460		

The majority of the Fund's interest rate exposure on debt instruments are RMB denominated. Interest rate exposures are expressed in terms of rate of weighted modified duration. The Manager monitors the interest rate risks by quantifying market exposure in duration terms. Weighted modified duration is the modified duration multiplied by the allocation of net asset value and a sensitivity factor (beta). As at 31 December 2023, the Fund did not hold any investment. As at 31 December 2022, the weighted average modified duration of the Fund is 2.1663.

At 31 December 2022, should interest rates have lowered/risen by 50 basis points with all other variables remaining constant, the increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year would amount to approximately RMB2,109,417.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(d) Credit and custody risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk which is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to pay amounts in full when due.

The Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentration of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and assets held with custodian and its delegate.

The Fund limits its exposure to credit and counterparty risk by carrying out the majority of its investment transactions and contractual commitment activities with well-established broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings.

The table below summarises the net exposure to the Fund's counterparties as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 together with their credit ratings:

	2023 RMB	2022 RMB
<u>Investments</u> The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	-	194,748,363
<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	730,336	13,066,630

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the credit ratings of the Fund's PRC custodian, PRC custodian's delegate are at or above investment grade with reference to the rating agencies.

As the Fund holds debt securities, it is also exposed to risk that the issuers may not be able to repay the principal amount at maturity and interest. The credit risk is mitigated as the debt securities held are subject to the requirements of minimum credit rating.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(d) Credit and custody risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the Fund did not hold any investment.

The table below summarises the credit rating of the investment portfolio categorised by the rating agencies as at 31 December 2022:

Portfolio by rating category of bonds:

Rating	2022 % of net asset value
Investment Grade Speculative Grade	83.21 9.80
Total	93.01

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Applying the requirement of IFRS 9, the expected credit loss is immaterial for the Fund and, as such, no expected credit loss has been reocgnised within the financial statements.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at year end is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the statement of financial position.

All transactions in quoted investments are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal since delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase when the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation. The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings and that the Fund considers to be well established.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations as they fall due, including a redemption request.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of units in the Fund. The Fund invests the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 month RMB	1-3 months RMB	Over 3 months RMB
At 31 December 2023			
Other payables	100,929	<u>-</u>	673,527
Contractual cash outflow	100,929	<u>-</u>	673,527
	Less than 1 month RMB	1-3 months RMB	Over 3 months RMB
At 31 December 2022		_	
At 31 December 2022 Other payables	1 month	months	months

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholders' option. As at 31 December 2023, there was one (2022: one) unitholder in the Fund.

The Fund manages its liquidity risk by investing predominantly in debt securities that it expects to be able to liquidate within 7 days or less. The following table illustrates the expected liquidity of the current assets held:

	Less than 7 days RMB	7 days to less than 1 month RMB	1-12 months RMB
At 31 December 2023			
Total current assets	773,657		71,308
At 31 December 2022			
Total current assets	207,833,021	-	1,793,722

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(f) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund has liabilities denominated in currency other than RMB, the functional and presentation currency. The Fund is therefore exposed to currency risk, as the value of the assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The table below summarises the Fund's monetary and non-monetary exposures to different major currencies as at 31 December 2023 and 2022:

	2023 RMB equivalents	2022 RMB equivalents
Hong Kong Dollar Monetary	(426,991)	(41,131)
United States Dollar Monetary	757,202	207,709,358

As at 31 December 2023, if exchange rate of United States Dollar and Hong Kong Dollar increased/decreased by 3% (2022: 10%), based on the movement for the past 3 years, the Fund's net assets would have been decreased/increased by RMB22,716 and RMB12,810 respectively (2022: RMB20,770,936 and RMB4,113 respectively).

(g) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The Fund used the last traded market price as its fair valuation inputs for both financial assets and financial liabilities.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are unobservable inputs (Level 3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(g) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

As at 31 December 2023, the Fund did not hold any investment.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's investments (by class) measured at fair value as at 31 December 2022:

At 31 December 2022

	Level 1 RMB	Level 2 RMB	Level 3 RMB	Total RMB
Assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		104 540 272		10.1.5.40.2.62
- Bonds		194,748,363		194,748,363
Total assets		194,748,363		194,748,363

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Financial risk management (Continued)

(g) Fair value estimation (Continued)

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed debt securities.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2, such as unlisted bonds and inactive listed bonds. The investments in unlisted RMB denominated bonds are valued with reference to valuation provided by China Central Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect liquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. As of 31 December 2022, the Fund did not hold any investments classified in level 3.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, there were no transfers between levels.

Assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial position, except for investments, are carried at amortised cost; their carrying values are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(h) Financial instruments by category

Apart from investments as disclosed in the statement of financial position which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, all other financial assets as disclosed in the statement of financial position, including interest receivable and cash and cash equivalents, are categorised as "financial assets at amortised cost".

All liabilities as disclosed in the statement of financial position, excluding provision for taxation, is categorised as "other financial liabilities at amortised cost".

(i) Capital risk management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund's policy is to perform the following:

- monitor the level of daily subscriptions and redemptions relative to the liquid assets; and
- redeem and issue units in accordance with the Trust Deed of the Fund.

The Manager monitors capital on the basis of the value of net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund did not make any distributions during the year (2022: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Manager makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

People's Republic of China ("PRC") tax provision

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made certain assumptions and used various estimates concerning the tax exposure which is dependent on what might happen in the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results.

Under the general tax provision of PRC Corporate Income Tax Law ("PRC CIT Law"), the non-PRC residents with no place of effective management, establishment or place of business in the PRC may be subject to 10% PRC withholding income tax ("WIT") on the capital gain derived from disposal of securities, unless exempt or reduced under current PRC tax laws and regulations or relevant tax treaties.

In addition, the non-PRC residents with interest income derived from the debt securities will be subject to 10% WIT. Pursuant to the PRC CIT Law, debt securities issuers in the PRC are obligated to withhold the 10% PRC WIT on interest income for those foreign debt securities holders. However, interest income derived from government bonds issued by the State Council's finance departments and/or local government bonds approved by the State Council is exempt from PRC WIT under the PRC CIT Law.

Furthermore, according to the notice Caishui [2016] No.36 ("Circular 36"), Value-Added Tax ("VAT") at 6% shall be levied on the difference between the selling and buying prices of those marketable securities starting from 1 May 2016. In addition, if VAT is applicable, local surtaxes including Urban Maintenance and Construction Tax ("UMCT") (currently at the rate ranging from 1% to 7%), Education Surcharge ("ES") (currently at the rate of 3%) and Local Education Surcharge ("LES") (currently at the rate of 2%) are imposed based on the VAT liabilities (the "VAT related taxes"). Pursuant to the newly issued UCMT Law and Public Notice [2022] No.28 jointly issued by the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") and the PRC State Taxation Administration ("STA"), effective from 1 September 2021, no UCMT, ES and LES would be levied on the VAT paid for the service provisions and sale of intangible assets in China by overseas parties to PRC parties. However, in practice, the implementation of the exemption may vary depending on the local practice.

The gains derived by QFIIs/RQFIIs and through the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect from trading of marketable securities (including A-shares and other PRC listed securities) are exempted from VAT in the PRC under Circular 36 and other prevailing VAT regulations. In addition, deposit interest income and interest received from government bonds and local government bonds are also exempt from VAT. In addition, deposit interest income and interest received from government bonds and local government bonds are also exempt from VAT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(a) Capital gains on PRC debt securities

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund invests in PRC debt securities in PRC through the RQFII program. The Manager considers that the enforcement of PRC tax on gains derived from the PRC debt securities is uncertain as at the date of approval of these financial statements and has exercised its judgment when assessing whether the Fund may be liable for PRC taxation on its gains, the amount of potential liability and the probability of such tax being levied up to the reporting date. However, significant uncertainties exist and estimation of the Manager may substantially differ from the actual events.

The Manager considered that the WIT policy for QFIIs/RQFII's investment in debt securities has not been clarified in the "Notice on temporary exemption of Corporate Income Tax on capital gains derived from the transfer of equity investment assets such as PRC domestic stocks by QFII and RQFII" (the "Notice").

Based on the current verbal interpretation of the STA and the local PRC tax authorities, the authorities are of the view that capital gains derived by foreign investors from investment in PRC debt securities would not be treated as PRC-sourced income and thus would not be subject to PRC WIT. However, there are no written tax regulations issued by the PRC tax authorities to confirm this interpretation. As a matter of practice, such 10% PRC WIT on capital gains realised by non-PRC tax resident enterprises from the trading of these PRC debt securities has not been strictly enforced by the PRC tax authorities. The Manager has considered the applicability of the arrangement between the Mainland of China and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion to the Fund and assessed that the probability of such tax being levied up to the approval date of the financial statements of the Fund is reasonably low. Based on all the aforementioned factors, the Manager has reassessed the provisioning approach and has continued not making PRC WIT provision on gains derived from the PRC debt securities of the Fund.

The Manager has exercised its judgment when assessing whether the Fund may be liable for PRC taxation on its gains, the amount of potential liability and the probability of such tax being levied up to the reporting date. However, significant uncertainties exist and estimation of the Manager may substantially differ from the actual events.

(b) Interest income on bonds issued by PRC tax residents

Temporary exemption of PRC WIT and VAT on bond interest income effective from 7 November 2018

On 7 November 2018, the MOF and the STA jointly issued a notice Caishui [2018] No.108 ("Circular 108") which stipulates that foreign institutional investors are temporarily exempted from PRC WIT and VAT in respect of bond interest income received from 7 November 2018 to 6 November 2021. On 22 November 2021, the MOF and the STA officially issued Public Notice [2021] No.34 to extend the CIT and VAT exemption treatment on the bond interest income for the foreign institutional investors investing in the domestic bond market from 6 November 2021 to 31 December 2025.

The Management considered that the enforcement of PRC WIT treatment on accrued interest of PRC non-government bonds held by the Fund derived from 20 May 2014 (date of inception) to 6 November 2018 (prior to WIT exemption under Circular 108) and the enforcement of VAT and the VAT related taxes arising from 1 May 2016 to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) was uncertain. The Manager has exercised significant judgment in their assessment of the PRC tax expense and the related tax provision. The Fund had settled the PRC WIT and VAT derived from the interest income received from the PRC debt securities for the period from 1 May 2016 to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) in 2020 and the Fund has not made the PRC tax provision on WIT and VAT on the interest income from the PRC debt securities as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(b) Interest income on bonds issued by PRC tax residents (Continued)

PRC WIT

For the PRC bonds disposed of during the year, the Manager has not made provision on the accrued interest income of PRC bonds during the year and as at reporting date as they consider that:

- (i) the issuers of PRC bonds are required to withhold 10% WIT at the coupon payment date before distributing the interest income to the bond holder; and
- (ii) the Manager has sold the PRC bonds before the coupon payment dates or the maturity dates of the PRC bonds.

6. Net gains on investments

	2023 RMB	2022 RMB
Change in unrealised (losses)/gains on investments Realised gains on investments	(402,811) 6,314,496	563,968 352,207
	5,911,685	916,175

7. Taxation

Hong Kong Profits Tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the Fund as it is authorised as a collective investment scheme under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance and is therefore exempt from profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

PRC Tax

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund had invested in RMB denominated debt securities in the PRC. Withholding tax was charged on interest income received from debt securities and banks during the year. Refer to note 5 for details.

No withholding tax expense on interest income from banks has been incurred for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund had made a tax provision of RMB314.

8. Transactions with related parties including Trustee, Manager and their Connected Persons

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into during the year between the Fund and the Trustee, the Manager and their connected persons. Connected persons are those as defined in the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong. All transactions entered into during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 between the Fund and the Manager and its connected persons were carried out in the normal course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Fund does not have any other significant transactions with Connected Persons except for those disclosed below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

8. Transactions with related parties including Trustee, Manager and their Connected Persons (Continued)

(a) Management fee

The Manager is entitled to receive a management fee, currently at the rate of 0.75% per annum of the net asset value of Class I USD, accrued at each valuation day and payable monthly in arrears.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Manager was entitled to a management fee of RMB1,521,322 (2022: RMB124,796). At 31 December 2023, a management fee of RMB92,814 (2022: RMB103,753) was payable to the Manager.

(b) Trustee fee

The Trustee, is entitled to receive a trustee fee which represents a variable fee of (i) 0.12% per annum on the first RMB670 million of the net asset value of the Fund and (ii) 0.10% per annum thereafter, subject to a minimum of RMB25,000 per month. The trustee fee is charged as a percentage of the net asset value of the Fund as each valuation day. This fee is accrued and payable monthly in arrears.

The trustee fee is inclusive of fees payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("PRC Custodian").

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Trustee was entitled to a trustee fee of RMB373,357 (2022: RMB287,500). At 31 December 2023, a trustee fee of RMB98,836 (2022: RMB25,479) was payable to the Trustee.

(c) Bank balances and investment balances

The following bank and investment balances of the Fund were held with the PRC Custodian and its delegate which are related parties of the Trustee. Refer to note 4(d).

	31 December 2023 RMB	31 December 2022 RMB
Bank balances Investment balances	730,336	13,066,630 194,748,363

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the interest income derived from those balance is RMB391,403 (2022: RMB20,592) and RMB102 (2022: RMB18,028) of which is bank interest receivable as at 31 December 2023.

(d) Other fees

Transaction handling fees on purchases and sales of investments, bank charges and fees for the preparation of annual and interim reports were charged by the Trustee, amounting to RMB121,569 (2022: RMB87,247) for the year ended 31 December 2023, of which RMB33,557 (2022: RMB32,323) was outstanding as at 31 December 2023.

(e) Rebate on ongoing expenses

With effect from 18 April 2017, the ongoing charges in respect of the Fund would be capped at 3% of the average net asset value of the Fund. Any excess of ongoing expenses of the Fund would be borne by the Manager and paid to the Fund as rebates. During the year ended 31 December 2023, rebates to the Fund from the Manager amounted to RMB43,454 (2022: RMB311,679). As at 31 December 2023, the outstanding rebates amounted to RMB43,321 (2022: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

9. Soft dollar arrangements

The Manager confirms that there were no soft dollar arrangements existing during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 in relation to directing transactions of the Fund through a broker or dealer.

10. Subsequent event

Subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2023, there is net subscription of RMB 941,166,968 up to the approval date of the financial statements.

11. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 26 April 2024.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

As at 31 December 2023, the Fund did not hold any investment.

MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Nominal Value (USD)			
	1 January 2023	Additions	Deductions	31 December 2023
QUOTED BONDS				
CHINA				
CCBL CAYMAN 1 CORP LTD	2 000 000		2 000 000	
1.99% S/A 21JUL2025 CHENDU COMMUNICATIONS	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
INVESTMENT GROUP (REG) (REG S) 2.2%				
01DEC2024	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	_
CNAC HK FINBRIDGE CO LTD (REG S)	2,000,000		2,000,000	
4.875% 14MAR2025	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-
FUJIAN ZHANGLONG GROUP (REG) (REG S)				
3.45% 19DEC2023	3,000,000	=	3,000,000	=
GUANGXI COMM INVEST GR (REG S) 3.95%		2 000 000	2 000 000	
12JUL2025 HK XIANGYU INVESTMENT CO (REG) (REG	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
S) 5.7% 23SEP2025	_	3,000,000	3,000,000	_
HUZHOU CITY INVESTMENT		2,000,000	2,000,000	
DEVELOPMENT GROUP CO LTD (REG)				
(REG S) 2.95% 28OCT2026	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
ICBCIL FINANCE CO LTD SER EMTN (REG)	2 000 000		2 000 000	
(REG S) 2.125% 27JAN2025	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
QINGDAO JIAOZHOU BAY DEV (REG) (REG S) 3.2% 03MAR2025	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	
,	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	_
SHANGRAO CITY CONSTRUCTION INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT GROUP Co				
Ltd (REG) (REG S) 4.375% 21OCT2023	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	_
SHANGRAO CITY CONSTRUCTION	3,000,000		2,000,000	
INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT GROUP Co				
Ltd (REG) (REG S) 4.375% 21OCT2023	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
SINO TRENDY INVST (REG) (REG S) 2.95%				
30OCT2025	-	2,900,000	2,900,000	-
SINOPEC CAPITAL 2013 SER REGS 4.25%		2 000 000	2 000 000	
24APR2043 SUNSHINE LIFE INSURANCE SER 10YR	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-
(REG) (REGS) 4.5% 20APR2026	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	_
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD SER	2,000,000		2,000,000	
REGS (REG) (REG S) 3.975% 11APR2029	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
	, , , , , ,		, , ,	

PERFORMANCE (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Net asset value*

	Total net asset value RMB	Net asset value per unit RMB
At the end of financial year 31 December 2023 - Class I USD	70,195	74.83
31 December 2022 - Class I USD	209,393,445	69.80
31 December 2021 - Class I RMB	4,560,819	97.36

Highest and lowest net asset value* per unit since inception

	Highest issue price per unit RMB	Lowest redemption price per unit RMB
Financial year ended 31 December 2023 - Class I USD**	76.28	67.69
31 December 2022 - Class I USD** 31 December 2022 - Class I RMB***	69.80 111.09	69.72 91.75
31 December 2021 - Class I RMB	104.38	90.98
31 December 2020 - Class I RMB	108.38	95.81
31 December 2019 - Class I RMB	107.52	96.49
31 December 2018 - Class I RMB*	102.43	93.79
31 December 2017 - Class I USD** 31 December 2017 - Class I RMB	67.70 107.88	65.16 98.76
31 December 2016 - Class I RMB	113.90	106.23
31 December 2015 - Class I RMB	106.53	102.00
31 December 2014 - Class I RMB	102.28	99.73

^{*} Represents net asset value in accordance with the Fund's Explanatory Memorandum

^{**} Class I USD was issued on 17 August 2017, fully redeemed on 21 August 2018 and re-issued on 23 December 2022

^{***} Class I RMB was fully redeemed on 7 December 2022